BSCI - BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES PROGRAM

BSCI401 Animal Communication (3 Credits)
Examining the mechanisms by which animal produce and receive signals in each sensory modality; and quantifying the type and amount of information conveyed in signals and how animals attend to such information.
Prerequisite: BSCI160 and BSCI161; or BSCI106. And must have completed one semester of physics; and must have completed one semester of organic chemistry.
Recommended: A course in animal behavior or biopsychology.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI401, BSCI 338W or BIOL 708W.
Formerly: BSCI338W.

BSCI402 Genomics of Sensor Systems (3 Credits)
An advanced course covering topics on the molecular basis of senses and the application of genomic techniques to studies of sensor systems & sensory ecology.
Prerequisite: BSCI222; or permission of instructor.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI338C or BSCI402.
Formerly: BSCI338C.

BSCI403 Biology of Vision (3 Credits)
An upper level undergraduate course on the physical, molecular, and neural basis of vision.
Prerequisite: BSCI207.
Recommended: BSCI222.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI 338V or BSCI 403.
Formerly: BSCI 338V.

BSCI404 Cell Biology from a Biophysical Perspective (3 Credits)
An approach to cell biology by focusing on mechanisms and unifying physical paradigms. It will not assume a great deal of factual biological knowledge, but will expect a background that prepares students to think mechanistically and quantitatively.
Prerequisite: BSCI330.
Recommended: PHYS121 and PHYS122; or completion of PHYS131 and PHYS132 recommended. Jointly offered with BIOL704, BIPH704.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI3380, BSCI404, BIOL704, BIOL7080, or BIPH704.
Formerly: BSCI3380.

BSCI405 Population and Evolutionary Genetics (3 Credits)
Genetic variation within a population provides the basis for future evolution as well as a record of past evolution. The genomics revolution provides data on this variation that, together with mathematical models, allow us to read this record to reconstruct evolutionary trajectories. Examples will focus on hominin and pathogen evolution. In the lab, students will use models to explore how genetic variation (allele frequencies) changes over time and space.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI222; and 1 course with a minimum grade of C- from (MATH131, MATH136, MATH141). Jointly offered with BIOL709.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI405, BSCI339J, or BIOL709C.
Formerly: BSCI339J.

BSCI406 Membranes and Biological Interfaces (3 Credits)
An interdisciplinary approach to membrane biology, starting with the physical chemistry of interfaces and model systems and continuing into transport, excitability, and signaling. The course is oriented toward students with broad backgrounds in biology and biophysics. Success in the course will come from a background that prepares students to think mechanistically and quantitatively rather than having substantial factual biological knowledge.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI330.
Recommended: PHYS122; or PHYS132; or (PHYS260 and PHYS261).
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI339R, BSCI406, or BIOL709R.
Formerly: BSCI339R.

BSCI407 Behavioral Genetics (3 Credits)
Behavior represents an organism's most dynamic phenotype and allows an animal to respond immediately to both internal and external cues. We will explore the genetic and epigenetic mechanisms that underlie behavioral variation and the associated neurological, hormonal, and developmental pathways. We will examine modern approaches used to study behavioral genetics in model and non-model systems, and in humans. Using case studies, we will explore a range of complex phenotypes including those related to mating, parental care, aggression, circadian rhythm, locomotion, learning, anxiety, and addiction.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI222.

BSCI410 Molecular Genetics (3 Credits)
An advanced genetics course emphasizing the molecular basis of gene structure and function in the context of modern approaches to the genetics of humans and model organisms.
Prerequisite: BSCI222. And must have completed CHEM233; or (CHEM231 and CHEM232).

BSCI411 Bioinformatics and Integrated Genomics (4 Credits)
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI222.
Recommended: BSCI410.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI380 or BSCI411.
Formerly: BSCI380.

BSCI412 Microbial Genetics (4 Credits)
A laboratory/lecture based course that covers the fundamentals of mutation, mobile genetic elements and transmission genetics of microbial organisms using both classical and molecular approaches.
Prerequisite: BSCI223 and BSCI222.

BSCI413 Recombinant DNA (3 Credits)
An advanced course presenting the tools and procedures of genetic engineering. Theory and practical applications of recombinant DNA techniques to understanding eukaryotic gene structure and expression.
Prerequisite: BSCI330, BSCI223, or BSCI230; and BSCI222.
Formerly: ZO0L452.

BSCI414 Recombinant DNA Laboratory (3 Credits)
An advanced course offering hands-on experience in performing recombinant DNA experiments. All current molecular biology techniques used for cloning prokaryotic genes, analyzing the gene products, and modifying the genes will be performed. Techniques include isolation of DNA, use of restriction enzymes; cloning procedures, PCR analysis, and Southern hybridizations. Lecture material focuses on interpretation of results generated in the laboratory.
Prerequisite: BSCI222.
BSCI415 Molecular Genetics Laboratory (3 Credits)
Problem solving laboratory organized around extended projects that employ different approaches toward linking gene and function.
**Prerequisite:** Must have completed or be concurrently enrolled in BSCI410.
**Restriction:** Junior standing or higher.
**Credit Only Granted for:** BSCI348G or BSCI415.
**Formerly:** BSCI348G.

BSCI416 Human Genetics (3 Credits)
Approaches to human genetics and applications to biology and medicine focusing on specific human genetic topics using primary research papers as the main resource.
**Prerequisite:** Minimum grade of C- in BSCI410.
**Recommended:** BSCI330.

BSCI417 Microbial Pathogenesis (3 Credits)
Current research in microbial pathogenesis and the molecular and cellular basis of bacterial disease. Comprehensive overview of the molecular basis of pathogenesis with a focus on model microbial systems to illustrate mechanisms of disease pathogenesis. Topics covered: how microorganisms attach to and enter cells; how host cells are damaged by microbial products; how the host responds to invasion; and host-pathogen evolution.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI223 and BSCI222.
**Restriction:** Junior standing or higher.
**Credit Only Granted for:** BSCI348M or BSCI417.
**Formerly:** BSCI348M.

BSCI420 Cell Biology Lectures (3 Credits)
Molecular and biochemical bases of cellular organization and function in eukaryotes.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI330, BSCI222, CHEM231, and CHEM232.
**Credit Only Granted for:** BSCI420 or BSCI421.

BSCI421 Cell Biology (4 Credits)
Molecular and biochemical basis of cellular organization and function in eukaryotes.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI330, BSCI222, CHEM231, and CHEM232.
**Credit Only Granted for:** BSCI420 or BSCI421.

BSCI422 Principles of Immunology (3 Credits)
The immune system in health and disease. Presentation and analysis of the cellular and molecular processes that comprise the immune system.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI223 and BSCI222.
**Recommended:** BSCI330.
**Restriction:** Junior standing or higher.

BSCI423 Immunology Laboratory (2 Credits)
Current techniques for assessment of immune status and evaluation of the immune response, including monoclonal antibody production, Western blotting, cytokine assays, ELISA and flow cytometry.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI223 and BSCI222.
**Corequisite:** BSCI422.
**Restriction:** Junior standing or higher.

BSCI424 Pathogenic Microbiology (4 Credits)
The role of bacteria and fungi in the diseases of humans with emphasis upon the differentiation and culture of microorganisms, types of disease, modes of disease transmission, prophylactic, therapeutic, and epidemiological aspects.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI223.

BSCI425 Advanced Cell Biology Lab Practices (2 Credits)
Experimental techniques used to study the molecular, structural, and spatial organization of plant and animal cells. Using a combination of in vitro assays aimed at analyzing macromolecular and subcellular components and in vivo analyses designed to reveal the inner architecture of a typical eukaryotic cell, students will have an opportunity to: improve some of the basic technical and conceptual skills they acquired in an introductory cell biology course; develop a more sophisticated understanding of the nature of experimental cell manipulation; and tackle the ongoing challenge of articulating their findings in both written and oral communication.
**Prerequisite:** Must have completed BSCI330, BSCI222, CHEM231, and CHEM232; and must have completed or be concurrently enrolled in BSCI420.
**Credit Only Granted for:** BSCI421, BSCI425, or BSCI348C.

BSCI427 Principles of Microscopy (2 Credits)
An introduction to optical principles that underlie light and electron microscopic image formation. Brightfield, darkfield, phase contrast, differential interference contrast, fluorescence and polarized light microscopy. Comparison of light and electron microscopy. The application of these techniques to problems in biological research.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI421.

BSCI430 Developmental Biology (3 Credits)
Structural, functional and regulatory events and mechanisms that operate during development to produce an integrated, multicellular organism composed of a multitude of differentiated cell types.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI222 and BSCI330.

BSCI431 The Origin and Evolution of Nervous Systems (3 Credits)
Explore how brains change through evolution along the animal tree of life. By comparing the nervous system structure and development across the animal kingdom, this course aims to reveal common designs and mechanisms that generate behavior, and to inform our understanding of how biology builds minds. Topics include the origins of neurons, the universal molecular patterning of brain development across invertebrates and vertebrates, the evolution of neurotransmission, comparative mechanisms of learning and memory, and what in our brain makes us human.
**Prerequisite:** Minimum grade of C- in NEUR200, BSCI353 or NEUR306.

BSCI432 Systems View of Cell Biology (3 Credits)
An integrated understanding of cell biology based upon reading of literature, discussion of new findings, and quantitative simulations. Exploration of ten topics including Heredity, Curing Diseases, and Synthesizing Life.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI330.

BSCI433 Biology of Cancer (3 Credits)
Causes and consequences of neoplastic transformations at the biochemical and cellular levels.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI222 and BSCI330; or permission of CMNS-Biological Sciences UG Program.

BSCI437 General Virology (3 Credits)
Discussion of the physical and chemical nature of viruses, virus cultivation and assay methods, virus replication, viral diseases with emphasis on the oncogenic viruses, viral genetics, and characteristics of the major virus groups.
**Prerequisite:** BSCI222; or permission of CMNS-Biological Sciences UG Program.
**Restriction:** Junior standing or higher.
BSCI440 Mammalian Physiology (4 Credits)
A study of the cardiovascular, hemopoietic, gastrointestinal, renal and respiratory systems. Chemical and endocrine regulation of physiological functions in mammals. Course does not count as an upper level lab for BIOL majors (see BSCI441).
Prerequisite: BSCI330; and (CHEM231 and CHEM232; or must have completed CHEM233). Or permission of CMNS-Biological Sciences UG Program.

BSCI441 Mammalian Physiology Laboratory (2 Credits)
Laboratory exercises in experimental mammalian physiology.
Prerequisite: Must have completed or be concurrently enrolled in BSCI440.

BSCI442 Plant Physiology (4 Credits)
A survey of plant physiology and development and responses and adaptation to the environment
Prerequisite: BSCI170 and BSCI171; or BSCI105; or PLSC201. And CHEM231 and CHEM232; or CHEM237; or permission of CMNS-Biological Sciences UG Program; or permission of AGNR-Plant Science & Landscape Architecture department. Cross-listed with PLSC400.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI442 or PLSC400.

BSCI443 Microbial Physiology (3 Credits)
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI223. And minimum grade of C- in BCHM461; or minimum grade of C- in BCHM463.

BSCI446 Neural Systems (3 Credits)
Neural development, followed by sensory, motor and integrative system organization in the central nervous system.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI330 and BSCI353.

BSCI447 General Endocrinology (3 Credits)
Functions and dysfunctions of the endocrine system with special reference to mammals.
Prerequisite: BSCI330, CHEM241, and CHEM242.

BSCI452 Diseases of the Nervous System (3 Credits)
An advanced course covering the neuroanatomy, function, and organization of the nervous system and its implication for pathology and disease.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI330; and minimum grade of C- in BSCI353. Jointly offered with NACS728, BIOL708.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI452, BSCI338N, BIOL708E, or NACS728N.
Formerly: BSCI338N.

BSCI454 Neurobiology Laboratory (1 Credit)
Basic neuroanatomical techniques, intracellular and extracellular recordings of electrical potentials from nerve and muscle.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI330; and must have completed or be concurrently enrolled in BSCI333; and must have completed or be concurrently enrolled in PHYS122, PHYS132, or PHYST42.

BSCI456 Advanced Cellular Neuroscience (3 Credits)
Readings and discussion in cellular and molecular mechanisms underlying synaptic structure/function relationships, synaptic potentiation/depression, dendritic integration, homeostatic plasticity, and nervous system development including neurogenesis, axon guidance, synaptogenesis, and activity-dependent development among other topics.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI353 or NEUR306.
Recommended: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI440 or another upper-level neuroscience course.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI339X, BSCI456, or NACS644.
Formerly: BSCI339X.

BSCI460 Plant Ecology (3 Credits)
The dynamics of populations as affected by environmental factors with special emphasis on the structure and composition of natural plant communities, both terrestrial and aquatic.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI361.

BSCI462 Population Ecology (3 Credits)
Theory of population growth and regulation, life tables, and theory of competition and predation, evolution in ecological settings, community structure and dynamics.
Prerequisite: MATH130, MATH136, or MATH140; and BSCI361.

BSCI464 Microbial Ecology (3 Credits)
Interaction of microorganisms with the environment, other microorganisms and with higher organisms. Roles of microorganisms in the biosphere. Microorganisms and current environmental problems.
Prerequisite: BSCI223 and CHEM241. And must have completed CHEM243; or CHEM242.

BSCI465 Behavioral Ecology (3 Credits)
How natural and social environments shape individual behavior. The influence of evolution on patterns of individual adaptation. Use of the evolutionary paradigm to investigate specific problems in animal and human behavior.
Prerequisite: BSCI160 and BSCI161; or BSCI106. And BSCI222.

BSCI467 Freshwater Biology (4 Credits)
Biology and ecology of freshwater invertebrates in lotic and lentic habitats, their adaptation to aquatic life, their function in aquatic ecosystems, and their relationship to environmental deterioration. Laboratory will include field trips, demonstrations, and identifications.

BSCI471 Molecular Evolution (3 Credits)
Patterns of DNA sequence variation within and between species, caused by nucleotide changes and the movement of transposable elements. Theories of molecular evolution, such as the neutral theory. Molecular clock hypothesis: its importance as a practical empirical tool in molecular genetics and systematics and its theoretical foundation.
Prerequisite: BSCI222; or permission of CMNS-Biology department.

BSCI472 Evolutionary Biology of Plants (3 Credits)
Evolution in plant populations. The pace, pattern, and mechanisms of evolution will be discussed within a genetic and ecological framework. Some emphasis will be placed on processes that are unique to the evolution of plants.
Prerequisite: BSCI160 and BSCI161; or BSCI106. And BSCI222.
BSCI473 Marine Ecology (3 Credits)
Courses in evolution and animal behavior are strongly recommended. A detailed analysis of the evolutionary ecology of marine invertebrates; emphasis on testing of theories and on current literature.
Prerequisite: BSCI207.

BSCI475 Sexual Selection in Nature (3 Credits)
Sexual selection drives some of the most spectacular, if not bizarre, traits in nature. We will explore how organisms select and compete for mates and fertilization success, and how this powerful and pervasive evolutionary force shapes sexual traits and regulates species boundaries. We will focus on the key theories in the field and discuss recent and classic research papers. This is a student-directed class: course topics and materials will be selected based on student interests and involvement. On occasion, experts in the field will be invited to class to discuss their research.
Prerequisite: Minimum grade of C- in BSCI207; or permission of instructor.
Recommended: BSCI360 or BSCI370. Jointly offered with BIOL 708.
Credit Only Granted for: BSCI338X, BSCI475, or BIOL708X. Form erly: BSCI338X.

BSCI480 Arthropod Form and Function (4 Credits)
Survey of the morphological, systematic and physiological diversity of the phylum Arthropoda.
Prerequisite: Permission of CMNS-Entomology (AGNR).

BSCI481 Insect Diversity and Classification (4 Credits)
The techniques of collecting insects in the field and their classification into the latest hierarchical scheme. Field trips will visit habitats throughout the state. An insect collection is required.
Prerequisite: BSCI337.

BSCI482 Insect Physiology and Molecular Biology (4 Credits)
Physiological and biochemical functions of insects. Insect endocrinology, neurobiology, sensory physiology, integument and molting, development and metamorphosis, immunity, metabolism and related topics.
Prerequisite: BSCI337.

BSCI483 Insects, Pathogens, and Public Health (3 Credits)
Mosquito- and tick-borne disease transmission poses significant challenges to human health and well-being globally, and is on the rise in North America. Arthropod parasites and the pathogens they transmit to humans and animals will be introduced, and the public health significance of these arthropods will be examined. The ecology and behavior of vectors in relation to disease transmission will be emphasized.
Prerequisite: BSCI207.

BSCI488 Summer Biology Institutes (1-8 Credits)
Prerequisite: Permission of CMNS-Biological Sciences UG Program.
Repeatable to: 12 credits if content differs.

BSCI493 Medicinal and Poisonous Plants (3 Credits)
A study of plants important to humans that have medicinal or poisonous properties. Emphasis on plant source, plant description, the active agent and its beneficial or detrimental physiological action and effects.
Prerequisite: (BSCI170 and BSCI171; or BSCI105); and must have completed CHEM233. Or 4 credits in BSCI courses.

BSCI494 Animal-Plant Interactions (3 Credits)
Theoretical, conceptual and applied aspects of evolutionary and ecological interactions between plants and animals. This course gives an overview of major ideas, historical controversies, and current research on animal-plant relationships. We will explore the mechanisms and evolution of plant defenses and animal counter-adaptations, behavioral ecology and interactions across trophic levels, the role of microbial communities in mediating interactions, and how these interactions color human experience through food and medicine. The course will have a blended lecture/discussion format and will include field walks to collect herbivory data and observe animal-plant interactions.
Prerequisite: BSCI160 and BSCI161; or BSCI106.

BSCI497 Insect Pests of Ornamentals and Turf (4 Credits)
The recognition, biology and management of insects and mites injurious to ornamental shrubs, trees, greenhouse crops, and turf. Emphasis on Integrated Pest Management (IPM).